

High Value Datasets (A passion project)

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Feb. 2022

Jack of all trades, master of none.

- B.Sc. Physics & Mathematics
- M.Sc. Computer Science
- Ph.D Electrical engineering
- NVIDIA, UK
 - o Graphics and Image processing
- CISRO, AU
 - o Precursor to R
- IBM, DE
 - o IP Version 5, broke it 😼





A never ending story, receiving "dodgy data".

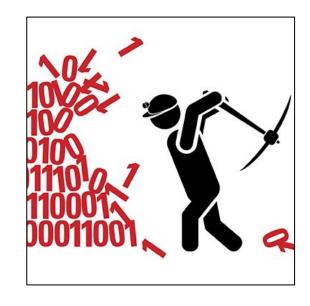
Various ways of 'getting' data

- 1. In all (industrial) projects
- 2. Inherited by someone
- 3. Made available to us
- 4. Pestered someone for
- 5. Downloaded from http://
- 6. Emailed attached ...
- 7. Have a look at ... groan...



What's your (data) problem?

- 1. Too much?
- 2. Don't understand it?
- 3. How should I process the data?
 - a. Batches? Records? Both?
- 4. Is the data secure?
 - a. Can I process this data on ...
 - i. AW3? RISE North? elsewhere?
- 5. I don't understand the implications of the license!
- 6. Will AI work?
- 7. It doesn't produce the results I want...





OK, don't panic, some guidance

- Establish pipelines that can be reused
- Process and transport data securely (see marketplace)
- Functional style of coding
- Let's improve the quality of the data
 - Readiness
 - High Value



Data Readiness - a 'TRL for Data'

Simple concept developed by Neil Lawrence when at Sheffield Uni.

SICS, (former RISE) wrote a paper further developing the ideas + interviews, see [lansPage, Neil, RISE]



Data Readiness for BADA

BADA main study 1, FFI/Vinnova grant 2015-00677

SICS Technical Report T2017:08 Björn Bjurling Per Krueger Ian Marsh RISE SICS AB

Neil Lawrence

Basically divide the data into Bands, A, B, C and then classes within these 3.



TRLs Vs. DRLs¹ #1

Level	TRL	DRL
9	System proven in operational environment	Correct ML predictions with clean, exportable (DRL 8-9) data
8	System complete and qualified	Working system, customer happy
7	Integrated pilot system demonstrated	Data collection, imputation, processing and visualisation as expected.
6	Prototype system verified	"Demo"
5	Laboratory testing of integrated system	ML pipeline produces 'sensible' output. Training and cross validation as expected.
4	Laboratory testing of prototype component or process	Unit tests (functions, files) ok
3	Critical function, proof of concept established	Final results (regression, will work)
2	Technology concept and/or application formulated	Code works
1	Basic principles are observed and reported	Data algorithms identified



Data Quality

- Next step from Data Readiness
- Indication of usefulness in Al cases
- RISE and Ramboll evaluated Open Nordic Datasets
- Idea is to motivate others to improve quality, illustrating the better ones
 - Traffic, water, weather are good
 - Identify criteria for evaluation



Nordic cooperation on data to boost the development of solutions with artificial intelligence

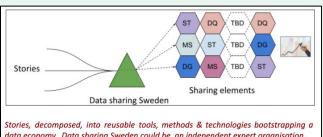
PDF, Site



One project, 2 proposals

- **ROADVIEW**
- **Robust Automated Driving in Extreme W**eather (just accepted)
- RISE will improve quality from LiDAR, RADAR and camera sensors to Al
- Proposals to Vinnoa
 - Data Marketplace
 - Data Coupons

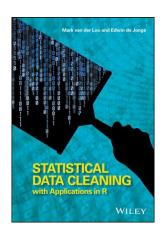


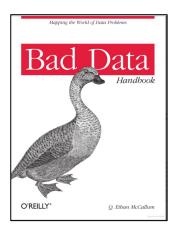


data economy. Data sharing Sweden could be an independent expert organisation.

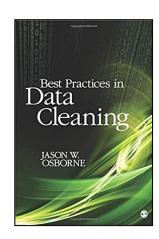


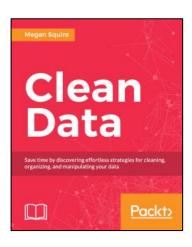
Reading (and coding) material











Code:

HoloClean Ours :-)

Towards Accountability for Machine Learning Datasets: Practices from Software Engineering and Infrastructure

Ben Hutchinson, Andrew Smart, Alex Hanna, Emily Denton, Christina Greer, Oddur Kjartansson, Parker Barnes, Margaret Mitchell

{benhutch,andrewsmart,alexhanna,dentone,ckuhn,oddur,parkerbarnes,mmitchellai}@google.com

Thanks, Jacob Dexe.





Extra slide: Wrangling woes

- 1. Commas / decimals points can mean different things
- 2. Location is not always GPS (SWEREF Trafikverket)
- 3. The ever existent missing value issue (remove line, add average value, etc. long list)
- 4. Poorly labelled fields (if at all)
- 5. Bad designs (e.g. speeds > 250 km / hr 'were'errors)
- 6. In some cases missing lines (sensor data a common case)
- 7. Time zones, summer / winter time changes over long data
- 8. Data from different sources not time aligned
- 9. Choosing sec, min, hour resolution for visualisation, processing
- 10. Smoothing / averaging decision (lag parameter)



